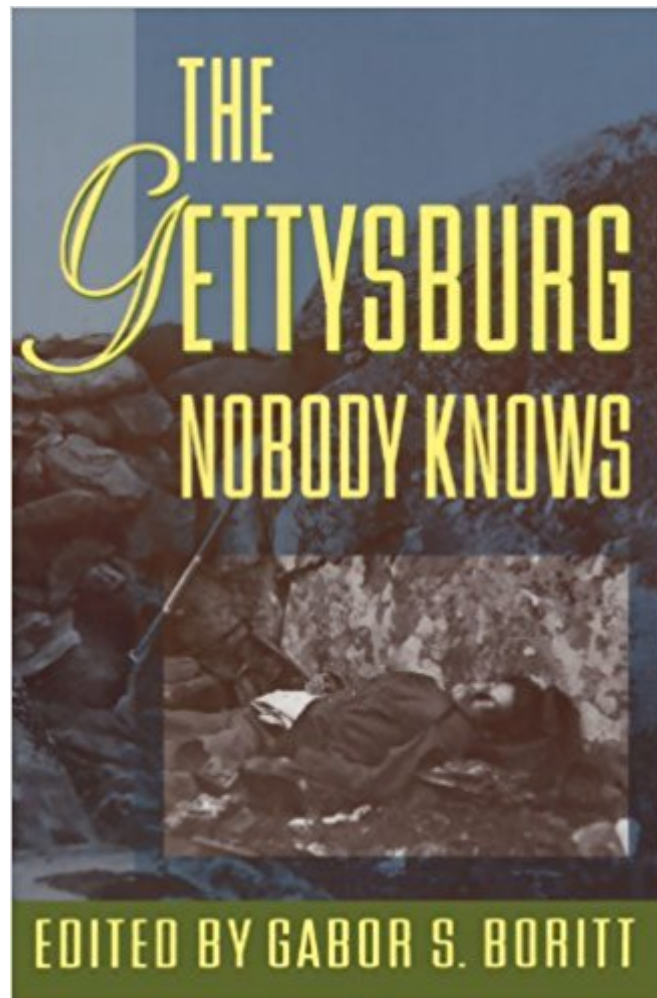




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The Gettysburg Nobody Knows (Gettysburg Lectures)



Synopsis

Gabor Boritt has invited nine leading authorities to shed new light on the greatest battle in our history, focusing in particular on the unknown, the controversial, and what might have been. What did the battle do to the people of Gettysburg? What is behind the rise of Joshua Chamberlain to the status of the Hero of the Battle? How did the common soldiers influence the battle? Readers are treated to a fresh account of Pickett's Charge from the rarely-described perspective of the Union soldiers, and to careful new analyses of the battlefield actions of General Ewell and General Daniel Sickles. And throughout the volume, there is much vivid writing, such as a stirring account of the moment when General Winfield Scott Hancock ordered the First Minnesota to "take those colors," sending the Minnesotans into a struggle that would cost most of them their lives but would help save the day for the Union. Offering the insights of America's eminent Civil War scholars, *The Gettysburg Nobody Knows* provides a marvelously informative reconsideration of this epic event.

Book Information

Series: Gettysburg Lectures

Paperback: 288 pages

Publisher: Oxford University Press; Revised edition (April 22, 1999)

Language: English

ISBN-10: 0195129067

ISBN-13: 978-0195129069

Product Dimensions: 7.9 x 0.7 x 5.3 inches

Shipping Weight: 7.2 ounces (View shipping rates and policies)

Average Customer Review: 4.5 out of 5 stars 16 customer reviews

Best Sellers Rank: #708,771 in Books (See Top 100 in Books) #166 in Books > History > Americas > United States > Civil War > Campaigns & Battlefields > Gettysburg #5597 in Books > Textbooks > Humanities > History > United States #7201 in Books > History > Military > United States

Customer Reviews

"Essays that are uniformly good and that either touch upon seldom studied aspects of the campaign or recast old disputes....A worthwhile addition."--Civil War History

Gabor Boritt is Director of the Civil War Institute and Fluher Professor at Gettysburg College. He has written or edited numerous volumes on the Civil War era, including *Lincoln and the Economics of*

the American Dream, Why the Confederacy Lost, and Why the Civil War Came.

Interesting read !!! Nobody really thinks about what it did to Gettysburg the town after both army's pulled away leaving the carnage behind for them to clean up. The book is written from people real life accounts so some of it is redundant but that's to be expected when getting different views from different people of the same account. Just glad I wasn't there just from the accounts of the smell of death.

An excellent primer on Gettysburg!.

I read this in preparation for attending the 150th anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg. Most of the essays were very interesting and added to my knowledge of the battle. Kent Gramm's chapter alone was worth buying this book.

I really enjoyed this book. It wasn't the same old information that you read in many books about the battle. It gave me some new insight, and it was quick read.

This is a book of essays dealing with different aspects of the battle of Gettysburg which have not been dealt with in the more popular books on Gettysburg. The authors here have tried to hone in on specific aspects of the battle, before, during, and after, to give the reader a different look of what we think we know of this famous battle. The viewpoints are varied and range from the common soldier, the generals, the local residents, and the nation at large toward this event. The essays also explain how this battle became locked into the American conscious as the battle the epitomized the war as a whole. There are some legends and myths which get busted here, but it is not done in a malicious way, but are used to highlight how certain aspects of the battle got locked into the American memory the way that they did. One of the more interesting essays deals with the "Sickles Controversy" over why General Dan Sickles moved his men forward against orders into a more vulnerable position. Here is the first time someone has detailed why the move was made and not just written it up as he thought he knew better. There is real analysis of the why and the pros and cons of the event and is not dealt with in a brief once over. Several essays refer back to the issue and indicate how in the immediate aftermath of the battle before the turn of the century, how many believed his move saved the Union Army that day. An assertion he never hesitated to make the rest of his life. That is just one essay and I could write at least a single paragraph (or more) on each of

the essays, but I leave that to the readers to see. I was a little disappointed that there was not an essay dealing with the picture on the cover of the book since that photo is one that there has been a lot of discussion in recent literature on the battle indicating how it was staged and how it was determined much later that it was staged. This is certainly a smaller story and may have been out of place in some of the larger views given here, but since it is a made up memory of the battle, I think it would have its place here. I would recommend this book to anyone who is familiar with the battle since they need to know a lot of the basic storyline for these essays to be understandable. This is not a book for someone new to the battle or the time period. I consider this book to be a strong addition to my library on the American Civil War and on Gettysburg. Will definitely have to look for more books by Mr. Boritt.

The Battle of Gettysburg was fought from July 1-13, 1863 and ended the Confederacy's second invasion of the North. It was the bloodiest battle fought in North America. (The Battle of Antietam was the bloodiest single day.) Although there are many outstanding narrative accounts of the battle, the literature which carefully examines aspects of the battle and their significance is less extensive. Gabor Boritt's collection "The Gettysburg Nobody Knows" (1997) consists of nine essays by outstanding scholars which elucidate the battle and its consequences. Each essay is accompanied by notes and by comments by each author suggesting further reading. The book derives from presentations at the annual summer Civil War Institute in Gettysburg. Professor Boritt is the Director of the Institute. There is a wonderful tone of scholarship and of the desire to learn that pervades this volume. One of the authors reflects that all the participants in the seminars -- and the readers as well -- are students trying to learn rather than experts with all the answers. This attitude is one that could well be emulated in scholarship and intellectual activity of all kinds. It is a joy to have it presented in this book. The essays cover a great variety of topics. The first essay by Joseph Glatthaar discusses the role of the common soldier in the Gettysburg campaign and points out how the Confederate Army may have been at once tired, overconfident, and undisciplined in its movement to the North. Glenn LaFantasie follows this essay with a discussion of Joshua Chamberlain, the hero of Little Round Top which endeavors to separate the facts from the myths that have grown around Chamberlain. To my reading, Chamberlain still emerges from the essay as a highly impressive figure. Harry Pfanz has written three extensive narratives on the Battle of Gettysburg. In this volume, he contributes a slim but succinct essay on the Confederate General Richard Ewell. Pfanz largely exonerates Ewell from the criticism he has suffered in many quarters for failing to advance on Cemetery and Culps Hills on the first day of the battle. Kent Gramm's essay

on the First Minnesota is an outstanding meditation on the hazards and chances of war and of the role of individual responsibility and action. It also has a great deal worthwhile to say about the Generalship of Lee, Meade, Longstreet, and Sickles. This is highly reflective, thoughtful historical writing. Emory Thomas's essay examines the role of JEB Stuart's cavalry in the battle and the impact of his absence. Unlike many studies, it focuses on the fighting on East Cavalry on the third day and his some insightful thoughts about the importance of that action and why it turned out the way it did. Carol Reardon is a highly-regarded student of Pickett's Charge. Her essay focuses on the Union side of the line and on the difficulty of separating fact from myth in considering this legendary charge. Three essays focus on the aftermath of the battle. Matthew Gallman and Susan Baker present an interesting essay on the aftermath of the Battle of Gettysburg upon the town -- focusing upon the social structure of the town and of the heroic efforts made by many to take care of the sick and wounded. Amy Kinsel's essay is also a meditation upon a history and considers how the image of the Battle of Gettysburg has changed over the years as Americans rethink the Civil War and its significance. Finally, an outstanding essay by Richard McMurry considers the military significance of the Battle of Gettysburg. McMurry presents a strong case that the Union won the Civil War in the West, in the battles of Fort Donelson and Shiloh and in the subsequent capitulation of Vicksburg, which occurred at the same time as the Battle of Gettysburg. Thus he tends to downplay the military importance of Gettysburg. His essay is well-argued and provocative but does not fully address the hold Gettysburg retains on the American imagination. This is an excellent book for people who have read about the Battle of Gettysburg and want to expand their thinking. New readers may be moved to explore the Battle in detail. Altogether the book offers an excellent illustration of how to approach and address historical and cultural questions of moment. Robin Friedman

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